fying such places and magnifying the importance of such offices. It places such positions on a par with United States Senators, Regents of the University and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and is entirely without precedent. The failure of the Senate to confirm Quarantine nominations heretofore made by me is put forward as the excuse for this measure. There never was any justifiation for the refusal of the Senate to confirm any of the excellent Quarantine nominations which have been made from time to time during the past three years.

There has been an obstinate refusal to confirm any one in the place of the Commissioners whose terms of office had long since expired, and such refusal was a virtual usurpation of the power which properly belonged to the Executive. There are now two vacancies existing in the Board of Quarantine Commissioners, and the public interests require that they should be filled, but the nomissions even for these setual vacancies are left unacted upon, regardless of right, duty, precedent and all constitutional obligations, and in lieu thereof, this bill with its impudent and audacious proposition to take away from the Governor the power of appointment is coolly presented for his approval, and under such circumstances it cannot be regarded as anything class than a studied and intentional insuit to him for the faithful performance on his part of his sworn constitutional duty.

#### NO PRISON APPROPRIATIONS. DEFEAT OF THE MEASURE GRANTING \$1,000,000-TALE OF AN EXTRA SESSION TO MEET THE EMERGENCY.

Albany, May 11.—At seven minutes after 12 o'clock Speaker Cole declared the Assembly of 1888 adjourned. But he may have to make the same declaration again, But he may have to make the same declaration again, for there is a possibility that the Governor will call an extra session to dispose of the prison appropriation. A desperate effort was made this morning by General Husted to pass the bill appropriating \$1,000,000, but he was defeated. The Assembly chamber was crowded with prison officials. Warden Brush, of Sing Sing; Warden Durston, of Auburn; Warden Fuller, of Danners in the standard Laborate Parkers Superintendent Laborate Durst Superintendent. mora; Superintendent Lathrop, Deputy Superintendent Charles Baker, Isaac Baker and Superintendent Mc-Ewan, of the Albany Penitentiary, went from member to member and endeavored to persuade them to

vote for the appropriation.

General Husted early in the session moved to reconsider the vote by which the measure had been lost on Thursday and to suspend the rules so that the bill would then be read for the last time. On a to of 54 to 46 the vote was reconsidered, but the ing of carrying the measure he gave notice that at 11:15 he would move a call of the House. It was nearly 11:30, however, when he demanded a roll call. In the meantime Judge Yates was striving fiercely to get his prison plan through. He was unsuccessful and it lies with the other seventy odd bills unread. The roll call announced that 107 members were

present and General Husted again moved a suspension

The roll call announced that 107 members were present and General Husted again moved a suspension of the rules and a reconsideration.

Robert Ray Hamilton demanded a roll call on the Speaker, to save time, was apparently anxious to overlock his demand and settle the motion by a standing vote. But Mr. Hamilton kept his place and demanded in most emphatic terms that a roll call be had, and his request was granted. The reconsideration was ordered and the rules suspended, the bill read and put upon its final passage. The opposition to the bill was by no means confined to party. Members of hoth parties voted for and against it. On this vote, however, the bill was lost, the vote standing—ayes, 60; noes, 55.

General Husted is responsible for the impression that there may be another session to in some way decide upon the future of the prisons. At present they are left in an extremely bad position. With no appropriation and the Yates measure dead there is atticked to settle the problem in a session mext wonth. There are to-day in the three State prisons 3,514 convicts; in Auburn, 1,166, Sing Sing 1,584, and Chinton 767. There is now enough money on hand to keep the convicts at Sing Sing busy until July 15, with the money already appropriated. If any relief is to be had from the Logislature to year. In the free problem in a session may run until July 15, with the money already appropriated. If any relief is to be had from the Logislature to year.

that there may be another session to in some way decide upon the future of the prisons. At present they are left in an extremely bad position. With no appropriation and the Yates measure dead there is attended to the propertiation and the Yates measure dead there is attended to the third that the Governor will require the Legislature to settle the problem in a session next month. There are to-day in the three State prisons 3,514 convicts; in Auburn, 1,166, Sing Sing 1,584, and Clinton 767. There is now enough money on hand to keep the convicts at Sing Sing busy until July 1, but beyond that date there will be nothing for them to do. Auburn and Clinton prisons may run until July 15, with the money already appropriated. If any relief is to be had from the Legislature this year, a session must be had in June, immediately after the National Conventions, or if possible, before. The fact that the Democratic leader, Mr. Sheehan, and yr. Weed worked and voted for the appropriation shows the hand of the Governor in it. The Governor fears the labor vote, and therefore instructed his assistants to keep back from him the Yales County Plan bill, which is advocated strongly by those pretending to represent the labor interests. Eut he is in favor of the present system, and does not dare to place himself in a position where his loyalty to the labor vote might be questioned.

### WORK OF THE SESSION.

REVIEW OF THE LEGISLATURE'S RECORD. TEMPERANCE MEASURES OPPOSED BY THE DEMO-CRATS-A LOWER TAX RATE SECURED-OVER 400 BILLS IN THE GOVERNOR'S HANDS -EXTRAVAGANT APPROPRI-ATIONS DEFEATED.

Albany, May 11.—A review of the session of the Legislature of 1888 shows that temperance legislation has largely occupied the attention of its members. The Prohibition amendment was adopted and the Governor Hill The bill of Senator Lewis limiting the umber of saloons to one to every 300 of the population passed the Senate but falled to pass the Assembly. The Senate and Assembly passed a bill creating a commission to revise the excise laws of the State. The mem-bers of the commission are to be the Rev. Howard Crosby, and Daniel G. Rollins, of New-York; Frederick Kruso, of Olean; James S. Swart, of Cambridge; Denis O'Brien, of Waterbury; Gallus Thoman and Max D. Stern, of New-York—three Democrats and four Republicans. This bill, which was passed late last night, is now in the hands of Governor Hill, and the High License Committee of New-York will urge the Governor to sign it. The Senate passed Senator Ved-der's Liquer Tax bill, but it failed in the Assembly. The bill of Assemblyman Kimball, creating county option, failed to pass the Assembly. Senator Haw-idns introduced a bill for a State Excise Commission, which did not pass. The Senate and the Assembly both rejected by large votes bills introduced by Senator Stadler and Assemblyman Roesch, opening the liquor stores on Sunday.

The only temperance measure that has become a law is Senator Erwin's bill prohibiting the giving to paupers of orders for food on grocestes which sell liquor

#### THE STATE TAY BATE REDUCED. The Legislature appropriated money with such

economy of spirit that the State tax rate has been reduced. The annual Tax Rate bill, passed to-day, provides for a tax rate of only 2.62 mills. The tax rate of the Legislature of 1887 was 2.70 mills. This is the more creditable to the Legislature in view of its having appropriated \$420,000 for the repair of the Chamber and the completion of the rooms of the State Library in the State Capitolappropriations it did not make last year.

The lawyers were pleased with the defeat of the

Field "Civil Code," which passed the Senate but was beaten in the Assembly.

The interests of the canal boatmen and of the grain erchants of the State were cared for by the passage of a bill appropriating \$570,000 for lengthening the canal locks and a bill lowering the charges for grain

A determined effort was made to check bribery at the polls, by the passage of Assemblyman Saxton's bill providing that the State shall furnish the ballots used elections and that the voting shall be done in secret, and Senator Fassett's bill inflicting heavy penalties

The shipping merchants of New-York were rendered a

great service by a reduction of the large fees of the Health Officer of New-York.

The Legislature also attempted to aid the business men of the State by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by reducing the number of haif-holi-days to the state by the number of haif-holi-days to the state by the number of haif-holi-days to the number of haif-holi-day days to those in the months of June, July, August and

September, but Governor Hill vetoed the bill.

An investigation of the acts of the Roard of Aqueduct Commissioners has been begun by a special committee of the Sonate, who have already uncarthod evidence of great value to the State.

The Senate, by one of its committees, made an

inquiry into the operation and character of "Trusts," port and the submission of a bill by Senator Arnold for the suppression of "Trusts." This bill passed the Senate, but was defeated in the Assembly through the opposition of the Democrats.

RAILWAY LEGISLATION.

RAILWAY LEGISLATION.

No bill was passed roviving the New-York Cable Railway Company, the Metropolitan Transit Company, or in the interest of the New-York elevated railway companies. On the other hand, Mayor Howitt's rapid transit scheme, as expressed in a bill, was not passed by the Legislature.

The bill for the construction of an enormous railway bridge across the Hudson River from New-York City to Weehawken, passed the Assembly, but failed to pass the Senate.

The Senate refused to pass bills passed by the Assembly increasing the salaries of the Acqueduct Commissioners of New-York, and of Recorder Smyth, City Judge Cowing, Judges Martibe and Gildersleeve, and Surrogate Ranson.

BILLS IN THE GOVERNOR'S HANDS.

BILLS IN THE GOVERNOR'S HANDS.

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pany can run cars on another's tracks; by Mr. Morgan.

pany can run cars on another's tracks; by Mr. Morgan.

Appropriating £270,000 for reconstructing the Assembly ceiling; by the Assembly Committee on Appropriations.

Appropriations.

Appropriating £140,000 for the State Library; by Senator Sloan.

The Fassett Bribery at Elections Bill and the Electoral Reform bill introduced by the Assembly Judiciary Committee.

The death by electricity measure introduced by Assemblyman Hill.

A large number of measures of varied merit and importance were introduced in both houses but failed to reach the Governor. Among them were Judge Green's \$10,000,000 Hudson River Bridge job; T. D. Sullivan's, requiring rallings to be placed on elevated road platforms; Finn's, requiring New-York and Brooklyn street railways to run cars every litheen minutes from 5 a. m. to midnight; Mr. Shea's, legalizing the proceedings of the New-York Cable Railway, and allowing it to complete construction according to its plans; Mr. Reitz's, making a comprehensive law empowering any railroad not using horse-power to extend its lines indefinitely in accordance with plans filed with county clerks; Mr. O'Conner's, applying the percentage bid clause of the Cantor Act to permission for extension of existing roads; Mr. O'Connor's, to exempt the East River tunnel from the General Railway act; Mr. Demarest's, ostensibly permitting steam locomotive railways to employ a traction system, but believed to anthorize the grab of seventy miles of New-York streets for cable roads; Mr. Morgan's, resurrecting the Metropolitan Transit Company; Mr. Haggerty's, authorizing the grabbing of Broadway for an elevated road.

Assemblyman Brundage's Tax bill died in the Assembly. The measure was opposed by all the financial institutions in the State.

Anthorizing the Controller of New-York City to

NEW-YORK CITY MEASURES. Authorizing the Controller of New-York City to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding \$2,000,000, to be known as "School-House" bonds, to build additional public schools, and to purchase sites for them in that city, as the necessity for them is determined upon by the Board of Education. Approved by the

Governor April 14.
Allowing the Commissioner of Public Works to give permits to truck-drivers to keep their earts in the street in front of their houses over night. Became a law without the Governor's signature, March 1.

law without the Governor's signature, March 1.

Hereafter warrants drawn upon the Treasury of the City of New-York, when signed by the Controller, Mayor, president of the Board of Aldermen or chief clerk, do not require the counterstgnature of the Controller. Signed March 28.

Allowing court stenographers a fee of ten cents a folio for copies of evidence, etc., furnished to those not entitled by law to have copies gratis. Not signed; became a law March 26.

All the law business of the city departments shall be under the charge of the Corporation Counsel; all contracts for street cleaning must be approved by him; no officer or department can employ outside counsel; the Corporation Counsel must furnish legal assistance, and he may at will discharge the First Assistant Counsel to the Corporation. Signed March 14.

14. The Controller is authorized to issue and sell revenue bonds to pay judgments against the city, and if the amount issued exceeds the appropriation to pay judgments that year such excess of bonds shall be included in the final estimate for the next year. Signed March 14.

April 3.

Requiring the Board of Estimate to examine the claim of Peter Kehr, John A. Kellner and Louis Olt against the city for furniture furnished to the Fire Department. Became a law without signature April 2. Incorporating the Missionary Society of the Most Holy Redeemer of the State of New York. Approved March 12.

Incorporating the Laura Franklin Free Hospital

Requiring the payment by the city of sums of mone to various hospitals, dispensaries and asylums which are open to general public use. Approved Febru-

railways. Became a law without signature April 24.

Making the salary of the Justices of the Peace \$5,000. Became a law without signature April 4. Requiring the Commissioner of the City Works De-

Requiring the Commissioner of the City Works Department to keep a set of books showing the annual water rate or rent against every parcel of land. Approved March 8.

Allowing the Common Council to designate four daily papers in which to publish proceedings affecting the city, at an expense of not more than \$60,000 annually. Became a law without signature March 14.

The measure reading: "The keeper or assistant keeper, janitor or assistant janitor of any public building in the City of Brooklyn or County of Kings, receiving salary from said city or county treasury, who shall be an benorably discharged solder or salor of the late war of the Rebeilion or who shall have been a member of the Volunteer Fire Department of the City of Brooklyn at the time of the disbandment thereof, shall not be removed from such position except for good cause, shown after a hearing had, but such keeper or assistant keeper, Janitor or assistant janitor shall hold such position for and during good behavior," became a law without signature March 26.

Authorizing the Mayor, Controller and City Clerk to issue, in 1850, bonds to the amount of \$1,300,000 for local improvements. Approved April 25.

## THE COURTS.

TROUBLE OVER A LARGE GAMBLING DEBT. Edgar A. de Bernales has sued Benjamin Wood, proprietor of "The Daily News," and brother of the late Fernando Wood, for \$22,000 on a promissory note, given to him by Mr. Wood on January 13, 1883. Mr. Wood says that this was a gambling debt, and that it has been paid in full. He declares that after the note was made there were other transactions between them, and that in the spring of 1885 they agreed to submit all the unsettled matters between them to Judge Glidersleeve as arbitrator. The latter decided that Wood owed the plaintiff \$2,500, which was paid "in full discharge of all indebtedness." Mr. Wood in December last, just before he started for Southern California, signed an answer to the complaint, in which these allegations were not fully set forth. He returned recently, and yesterday his counsel, ex-Recorder James M. Smith, obtained from Jus-tice Dugro, of the Superior Court, an order permitting him to serve an amended answer.

SUING THE AGENT OF THE INSURGENTS. In February, 1885, during one of the numerous revolu-tions for which the United States of Colombia is celebrated, Colonel Benjamin A. Gaitan came to this city as the representative of the insurgents, bringing about \$85,000 which they had intrusted to him for the purchase of arms and munitions of war. The money was deposited with Santi-ago Perez Triana & Co. The firm purchased contraband goods and shipped them on the steamship City of Mexico, which was seized by the American Government and libelied. Then Trians & Co. purchased the Aden, a small steamship, and was about to dispatch her with more supplies of a like character when the robellian collapsed. The Government of the United States of Colombia sued Colone Cattan and Triana & Co., claiming all the money and material in their hands. Colonel Gattan concedes that the Government is entitled to all of it except 25 per cent of it which he claims for services and disbursements. After hearing testimony and argument in the case in the Su-preme Court, Special Term, yesterday, Justice O'Brien ad-journed the case until next week.

THE AMATEUR BILLIARD TOURNAMENT. The preparations for the National Amateur Billiard ournament for the championship of America are now implete. The games will begin on Monday evening in Court No. 1 of the Racquet Club, and will continue, one each evening, until Friday. The accepted entries are Orville Oddle, of Brooklyn; Dr. Jennings, of Brooklyn; Alexander Morten, of New-York, and Clement Balnbridge,

"Bonbling Thomases."

The Governor has now nearly 400 hundred bills to consider between this and the end of the thirty days' limit, when they die unless acted upon. Among the important incasures that he must consider, besides the temperance measures referred to elsewhere, are the following:

To allow railroad commissioners to condemn entire blocks in Erooklyn; by Mr. Haggerty.

To put conductors on every surface car; by Mr. Donnelly.

Extending the distance to 2,000 feet that one com-

BAIL FOR MRS. SCOFIELD. HER HUSBAND DETAINED TILL MONDAY.

LITTLE LIGHT THROWN ON THE DEATH OF MR HATCH-MR. FRERIS ACCEPTED AS A BONDSMAN. Although nothing was developed at the inquest in the case of Nathaniel W. T. Hatch yesterday which would incriminate Mr. and Mrs. Scofield, Coroner Levy thought it best to take no chances, so until Monday, when his inquiry will be resumed and probably finished, he holds them in bonds of \$2,500 each, with the

alternative of imprisonment.

The little stuffy court-room at the Coroner's office could not accommodate one-third of the people who wanted to be present, so just when heat and crowdwanted to be present, so just when heat and crowding were beginning to make it perfectly intelerable
Coroner Levy announced that he had arranged for the
use of Room No. 10 of the City Court Chambers.
There was immediately a rush for the City Hall, and
passersby in the neighborhood were edified with the
spectacle of soveral hundred men of respectable appearance racing wildly across the park through the rain. The result of it was, moreover, to attract many outsiders of a curious turn of mind, and when Coroner Levy took his seat he found that there was not even

standing room for less privileged persons.

To say that Mrs. Scofield and her husband are not on speaking terms would be to state the situation mildly. They do not even look at each other. She alludes to him as "he." He calls her "she." He is alone in the world, like Ishmael. He had no counsel, while his wife's interests were sharply looked after by Jerome Buck. The District-Attorney's office was actively represented by Assistant District-Attor-ncy Hartmann, and ex-Judge Bedford was also in attendance. The police of the Nineteenth Precinct had a big contingent present, Captain Reilly, Sergean Schmittberger, several detectives and several officers.

The jurymen did not altogether discredit the cen-

The jurymen and not altogether discredit the destin-ventionality which adjudges to all juries the distin-tinguishing adjective of "intelligent." To be sure, they asked a few unnecessary questions, but perhaps after all they did not hinder the work of investigation nore than Coroner's juries generally do.

WITNESSES CALLED BY THE CORONER

Coroner Levy briefly told them what work was be fore them and began to call on the preliminary wit-nesses, police officers, painters who were engaged in the house at No. 64 West Twentieth-st., and one of the neighbors, but the testimony of none of them was of novel interest and brought out no important facts not already published.

James A, McCormick, a plump and rosy young offcer in uniform, with his brass buttons and his face shining, related in an easy collequial style how on Tuesday morning he had broken in the bath-room door Mrs. Scoffeld's urgent request, though he had thunght and said, "'Tain't exactly in my line," and how afterward he had met Scoffeld on the street and talked to

of Mr. Hatch, who was in this house with this woman-this lady, his wife, who had told him to get out. I saw Scolled every lap I made up till 6 o'clock. He said he wanted a clear case of divorce. He seemed downhearted and ashamed. The bathroom window was down when I forced the door. I was in the reom fifteen or twenty Mr. Buck-Didn't you testify at the preliminary exami-

tion before the Coroner that the window was open?
The witness-No, I didn't testify at all. (Laughter.)

Officer Stephen J. Reardon, Charles Banspach, painter, and Hubest Geenen, a neighbor, all testified to the finding of the body and what had occurred then. The witnesses all agreed that Mrs. Scofield was terribly excited when she was told what had happened. The lady held up her hands," said Mr. Geenen, llustrating his words with action, "and cried 'My God.' " The body was fully clothed, even to an over coat, and there were no signs of any scuffic. De ctive Thomas F. Hayes, who traced the movements of Mrs. Scoffeld and Mr. Hatch on Monday night, testi fied to the wins supper at Malame Fanny's which preceded the visit to No. 64 West Twentleth-st., thereby corroborating the statement of Mrs. Scoffeld.
MRS. SCOFFELD IN HER OWN BEHALF.

Incorporating the Missionary Society of the Most Holy Redeemer of the State of New-York. Approved March 12.

Incorporating the Laura Franklin Free Hospital for Children, in the city of New-York. Became a law without signature March 14.

Incorporating the United States Transfer and Extenders Association, with a capital of \$200,000, with the right to increase to two million dollars. Became a law without signature March 14.

Incorporating the New-York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, and making all former acts and transactions of the directors of the institution legal. Became a law without signature February 13.

Authorizing the Bapits Home Society to acquire and hold both real and personal property and to receive beguesis or gifts, not at any time to exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became a law without signature for exceed a half million dollars. Became alway time to exceed a half million dollars. Became and transactions of the state of the directors of the exceed a half million dollars. Became and transactions of the state of the state of the exceed a half million dollars. Became and transactions of the state of the exceed a half million dollars. Became and transactions of the state of the exceed a half million dollars. Became and transactions of the state of the exceed a half million dollars. Became and transactions of the state of the exceed a

vited him into the house, to which she had newly MANY QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

The witness ther answered a number of questions f more or less pertinence, put by the Corener, the As-

Q.-Did you hear any noise as of a window opening when Q.—Did you hear any noise as at a window opening when the door was being broken in 1 A.—No. I think it was done during the time Mr. Scofleid was taking to me fa

Q.-Was any one watching you that you know of when you entered the house along with Mr. Hatch? A .- No one that I know of.
Q.-Did you see anything of Ferrial A.-No.

Q.—Could any one have gone upstairs while you were talking to Scofield 1 A.—No.
Q.—How long had you known Mr. Hatch 1 A.—For

six months. Our relations were of a purely business day night? A.—Madame Funny told me that he pulled out a twenty-dollar note. The bill was eight or nine dollars, and he told her to keep the belance. He was very gencrous. I have seen him fling five dollars to a waite

erous. I have seen him ting five dollars to a waiter.

Q.—Were your business transactions with Mr. Hatch
profitable or unprofitable?

A.—Profitable.

Q.—Where do you live now? A.—I left that house
many hours ago, and I never want to enter it again. To avoid reporters I went to a hotel uptown.

avoid reporters I went to a hotel uptown.

Mr. Scofield, a smooth-shaven man, who has speaking features, with the accent on the nose, was next
called; but as the hour was growing late and six or
seven witnesses had still to be examined, the coroner
decided to adjourn the hearing until Monday. Meanwhile, in spite of Mr. Buck's remonstrances and protogrations in behalf of Mrs. Scofield, he held her and
her husband in bonds of \$2,500 each. Ferris offered
to be bondsman for both but Scoffeld scenfully declined the favor. After some delay, Porris signed for
Mrs. Scofield, and her husband was taken away in
custody. 

SENTENCED IN SPITE OF HIS ARGUMENTS.

Frederick Lowther, a noted thief, who under various mas has been arrested and imprisoned in several States, names has been arrested and Imprisoned in several States, was arraigned before Recorder Smyth yesterday for son-tence under a conviction of grand larceny in the first degree. A few weeks ago Chief Inspector Byrnes learned that an attempt would be made so secure the escape of two men who are in prison in Bankor. Me., for robbery. Lowther and another New-York thief were implicated, and they were arrested. The old indictions of which the state of and they were arrested. The old indictment on which he was convicted was then used against Lowther. Ex-Assistant District Attorney Purdy. Lowther's counsel, srgued restorday for a new trial, and when the motion was denied he said that Lowther wished to address the

in his hand, teamed forward on the railing and sold in an earnest tone: "It seems that there is no blace in New-York for a man who tries to reform. These bell-hounds

Siberial! See Kennan's first illustrated paper un the May Century

of detectives have been hounding me for years. I got in trouble through trying to help a friend. I thought this old matter was all settled, and I wouldn't have heard from it if I had not tried to got a friend out of trouble. from it if I had not tried to get a friend out of trouble.
I told it all to Inspector Byrnes with the hope that he would help me to get license. All I ask is a heiping hand. I am not a bad man at heart. I am too goodhand. I am not a bid man at near. I am too given natured a man. I get into trouble trying to help others."

"How is this, Mr. Purdy?" said the Recorder. "You told me that this man had been leading an honest life and he acknowledges that he was trying to help a man to

only had the keys made. I didn't do anything myself. Besides that is only my admission. There is no other proof that the keys were for that purpose." The Recorder began to read Lowther's record from Inspector Byrnes's book of professional criminals. Lowther kept up a running commentary. He admitted some of the arrests and others he denied. The Recorder said that he was a very dangerous criminal, and sentenced him to nine years and ten months in the State Prison.

BA CLOSER SCRUTINY AT CASTLE GARDEN. A new form of questions to be put to immigrants with the view of preventing those who are prohibited by law from landing was put into affect by the Com-missioners of Emigration yesterday. These ask the name, nationality, age of the new arrival, whether be is married or single, his destination, whether he has ever been in aimshouse or prison, his physical condition, and whether he is an alien or citizen. About thirty-five were intercepted who had been in aimshouse or prisons. One had been in prison ten years for robbers, another eight years for attempted mur-der, another three years for stabbing a man, and the others had served long or short sentences for one offence or another. Ten Italian boys were detained because they had been brought over by padrones.

#### GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

FEATURES OF NEW-YORK DEALINGS. The bull market in grain yesterday resumed a decided upward tendency on a fairly large volume of business. The moving impulse was the crop outlook, which, however, is only prominent as regards wheat. The advices from the West are of a very discouraging character, and besides the admittedly large deficiency in the winter wheat crop, the weather is adding strong chances to a curtailment of the spring production. Perhaps some of these reports may be colored for the benefit of the stock speculation, but it remains a fact that the general opinion of the dealers in sereals is that wheat will suffer a decided shrinkage this year. Europe seems to be helding off from accepting this. view or to be counting upon other supplies, and so the export trade remains stagmant. An American shortage of crops, however, will tend to stiffen prices everywhere there is no excessive surplus. The options, after some case in the merning transactions caused by room realiza-tions, recovered and moved upward 1 3-4-22 cents. The tions, recovered and moved upward 1 3-4-22 cents. The total dealings amounted to nearly 8,000,000 bushels, and the market closed strong at net gains of 1 3-4-21 7-8 cent as follows: May 97 3-4, June 96 5-8, July 96 3-4, August 96 3-8, September 90 7-8 and December 99 3-8 cents. Cash cern rose 1-2-21 cent under an increased export demand. 50,000 bushels below. mand, 50,000 bushels being taken by ahippers. The scarolty of contract grades is an element of strength, supplemented by sympathy with the wheat speculation. options steadily advanced under a good volume of trading and closed firm at gains of 1 3-121 1-4 cent as follows: and closed firm at gains of 1 3-4:21 1-4 cent as follows: May 63 1-2, June 65 3-4, July, August and September 55 3-8, October 65 1-4 cents. Oats were stronger in sym-pathy with wheat and corn, but the closing tone was not so firm. The options ended up 5-5 for May at 39 1-8, 3-8 firm. The options ended up 5-5 for May at 39 1-8, 3-8 for June at 30 3-8 and 3-4 cont for July at 39 3-5 cents. Lard was dull and firm, the options closing as follows: May 85 54, June \$5 47, July \$8 49, August \$8 52, September and October #8 54.

The receipts of flour and grain reported yesterday at

New-York, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston were as follows: Wheat, 58,783 bushels; corn, 57,659 bushels; oats, 46,840 bushels; total grain, 163,322 bushels; flour, 30,757 packages. At Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Louis the arrivals were: Wheat, 40,253 bushels; corn, 134,176 bushels; cata, 199,401 bushels; total grain, 380,630 bush-

THE TRADE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 11 (Special).-July wheat, which opened in the morning at 86 cents, closed at night at 1-2 cents, the work largely of the outsiders. Hutchinson, who for a fortnight has been bending his energies to breaking wheat down, ostensibly for the purpose of purchasing at his own figure, was the big-gest individual buyer. He was caught in the midst of his hammering operations by the Government re-port. The day had not gone far before the big longs were aware of his efforts and then they strove to make his wheat cost him dear. Hutchinson bought possibly from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 bushels and the price for July advanced from 86 to 87 1-2 cents. closing at the top. May corn sold at 11 1-2 cents and closed at 59 cents, the highest point so far reached. The basis of the strength appears to be the demand for consumption, No. 3 selling up to 56 demand for consumption, No. 3 selling up to 56 cents. There is of course an urgent short interest in May, which keeps the option at a premium, but there is likely to be the same experience when June and July mature. Provisions were dull but sympathetically strong. July pork opened at \$14 15, sold at \$14 12 1.2, but closed at the top, \$14 35. July lard opened at \$5 20 and closed at \$8 32 1.2, the top. July short ribs opened at \$7 60 and closed at \$7 67 1.22\$7 70.

## THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

he insisted on ordering a second quart of champague, and, the witness thought, a small bottle after that was drunk, but she was not quite sure of that. She in support is at a minimum, certificates are so closely held that neither unfavorable field news nor the raids of the bears force any of them upon the market, and the occasional moved, and proceeded to light up the rooms so that he might see them. She heard snoring in the back parlor, and surmised correctly that her husband was there asiecp. While she was upstairs with Mr. Hatch she heard steps and knew that Scofield must be awake.

"Gracious!" said Mr. Hatch, "I don't want to meet scofield at this time." She said "don't be airarmed," and going downstairs told Scofield that her breber was visiting her, and begged him net to become noisy about it, which might raise a scandal. She did not say that it was Mr. Hatch who was upstairs, but Scofield exclaimed that he knew it was Hatch, as he had heard his voice, "and, "said the witness," I am almost certain that Fheard Mr. Hatch pass across the floor above when his name was mentioned. Scofield shouted to loudly that he could easily hear it." She did not want her husband to know it was Mr. Hatch because Mr. Hatch's name and als family were sared to her. The rest of the story is already well known—how Mrs. Scofield knocked and called at the door of the bath-room, which communicated with the inner room where she slept, locked, got a polteeman to open the by violence, found the inner room where she slept, locked, got a polteeman to open the by violence, found the inner room where she slept, locked, got a polteeman to open the by violence, found the inner room empty, and went quietly to bed to be awakened by the terrible nows of Mr. Hatch's fate.

MANY QUESTIONS ANSWERED. the cituation will probably be an increasing movement of refined. The certificate market closed firm, although it was pounded at the end, and after an extentations offering of all to loan, after all but a trivial demand had been sup-plied at about "fat," enabled the last rate to be called 30

Refined oil is held firm at 7 1-2 cents per gallon for future delivery, although on the spot a shade easier figures

can be obtained.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BUPPALO. May 11.—Cattle—Receipts last 24 hours were
1.360 head. Total for the week thus far 7.700. Same time
last week 7.550. Consigned through 63 cars, 54 of which
New-York; 6 carloads as asle; market steady. Common to
Medium \$4.00.954.60; all efferings takea.

Shepp-Receipts last 24 nears were 3.400 head. Total for
the week thus far 19.000. For same time last week
18.600. Consigned through Scars, of which 50 new-York;
18 cars on sale; market steady. Good \$5.00.254 15; no
Choice to Extra here; 1 load Fair Yearings sold at \$6.90,

Mous-Receipts last 24 nears 6.200 head. Total for the
week thus far 36.153 head. For same time last week
25.310 head. Consigned through 24 cars, of which 20 to
New-York; 24 cariousle on sale; prices declined 52.100.
11ght Price \$5.00.885.25; Mixed Pigs and Light Yorkers
55.36.985.65; Salected Yorkers \$6.70.286.80; Selected
Medium weights \$4.00; Rough \$5.00.55 20; Siage \$4.00.2

\$4.20. All oderings taken.

CHICAGO, Union Stock Yards, May 11.—The Drosse Journal reports: Childe-Roceints 8,600 bend; shipments 5,000 head; market strong. Stocks \$5.802 5.60; Stockers and Feelers \$2.76.853.00; Cows. Buils and Mixed \$1.852 83.75; Texas Steers \$2.86.854.28. Suils and Mixed \$1.852 83.75; Texas Steers \$2.86.854.28. Suils and Mixed \$1.852 83.75; Heary \$5.00.850 73; Light, \$5.30.850 90; Skins \$4.25.855 10.

\$\$Asep-Receints 4.000 anal; shipments 7,500 head; market steady for Good; sthers weak. Natives, Woolled, \$4.50.856 75; Light, \$6.00.850 75

ST. LOWIS. May 11. Cattle-Receipts 1,900 head; shipments 600 head; market steaty, Choice Heavy Native sters \$4.40 #5.03. Fair to Good Native Steek \$4.00 #5.03. Fair to Good Native Steek \$4.00 #5.04. Students Steek \$4.00 #5.05. Students and Fooders fair to good \$2.20 #3.50. Rangers \$2.25 #4.20.

Hogs-Receipts 8,900 Bead; shipments 900 head; market steady. Choice Heavy and Butchers selections \$5.50 #5.05. Packing. Medium to Choice, \$5.30 #5.50. Light grades. Orlinary to Best, \$5.20 #5.55. Skips and Pigs \$2.25 #4.50. Sheep Market firm. Fair to Pancy \$4 00 386 10. Common to Medium \$2 00 554 25.

# Wives and Daughters.

You have often seen them with pale faces, poor appotite, head and back sche, symptoms common to the sex. Fathers and mothers, lose no time in securing Dr. David?

Mrs. J. H. Giles, of Everett, Pa., says: I suffered for Mrs. J. H. Glies, of Everett, Ps., says: I suffered for many years from Ridney and Gravel troubles. Besides I had other complaints common to my sex. No physicians or medicines at home did me any good. I finally began using Dr. David Kennedy's Faverite Remedy, made in Rondout, N. Y. 'A few words tell the result. I am a happy and perfectly well woman once more. Thanks to Dr. David

Dr. D. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. Midding 9 3-16; Good Ordinary, d 11-18; not and green

Health

Results from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilia. It assists digestion, makes good blood, and restores wasted tissues. Hence, the priceless value of this medicine to invalids, convalescents, and all who have overtaxed any of the bodily most popular of all blood medicines.

"About four years ago, I was taken down with nervous prostration. Mind and body seemed to have given out down with nervous prostration. Mis and body seemed to have given out together. Doctors prescribed for me, but without avail, and at last I resolved to try the virtues of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Idid so, and before I had finished the first bottle, I felt a deeided change for the better. I continued the use of this medicine, until now I can scarcely believe that I ever had been sick."—Mrs. C. Kennedy, 787 Pacific st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I suffered for years from a low con-

scarcely believe that I ever had been sick."—Mrs. C. Kennedy, 787 Pacific st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I suffered for years from a low condition of the blood and general debility, with severe pains in the back and shoulders. I have been greatly helped by a few bottles of

# Ayer's Sar saparilla. saparilla, and take every opportunity to speak of my cure to those who are afflicted as I was."—W. P. Stearns, 9 Free st., Portland, Me.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass, Price \$1; six, 85. Worth 85 a bottle.

Strength

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me a great deal of good. I was all run down before I began taking it, and now I am gaining in strength every day. I intend taking one more bottle to restore my health perfectly."—Alice West, Jefferson, W. Va.

"I have a good demand for Ayer's
Sarsaparilla and recommend it to all.

It keeps the blood pure.

And gives strength to endure."

-C. S. Minor (a druggist for 53 years),
101 Spring st., New York.

"Before using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, I was constantly confined to my bed; since using this medicine, I am able to walk two or three miles at a time. I am 64 years of age."—Mrs. Sarah Eredis, 30 Pleasant st., Lowell, Mass.

# THE STATE OF TRADE.

Receipis—Fiorr A.100 bols, and 3.500 sacks. Corn 6.500 bush. Cats 16,000 bush. Shorts 40 tons.

BUFFALO, May 11.—Wheat—No No. 1 Hard in the market; No. 1 Northern in good inquiry; sales of 8,000 bush, at 92c; No. 2 Northern Choice, 8-ye over Chicago June; do. 1801. The second of th

Chicago, May 11.-The leading futures ranged as follows: MRSS PORK PER HBL. 14 05 14 25 14 15 14 35 14 32 14 45 LARD FXX 100 B. 8 30 8 32 8 30 8 37 9 8 32 9 8 40 ### THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

| NEWS FROM THE FIELD AND RANGE OF PRICES. | July | 747's | 762's | 747's | 762's | 747's | 760' | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 770 | 760 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | Flour quiet but firm, and an advance of 10 2 15c per bbl

Figur quiet out him, agentality asked.

Cash quotations were as follows—No. 2 Spring Wheat
Cash quotations were as follows—No. 2 Oats 344,0
34 yo. No. 2 Corn 553,054 yo.
34 yo. No. 2 Kre 64c. No. 2 Barley 77,573c. Mess Force bbl. 541 152514 20. Land sec 100 B 55 227,252 2b.
Short Etha Sides loose 57 55. Dry Salted Shenlders
bogat 56,565 2b. Shert Clear Sides becat 55,056 510.

Whiskay distillers' finished goods \$117 per gal. Sugars—Cht Loaf 75,653-c. Granulated 7c. Stongard "A" (5-c. On the Preduce Exchange taday the Butter market well cleared up. Creamery 20, 25c. Dairy 16 2223c. Eggs steady at 13 213 2c.

steady at 13 2 13 9c.

Minnerpolis, May 11.—Wheat—Local trading was fair considering the light effectings. Closing quotations: In store—No. I Hard cosh 85 9c; May, 85 9c; do June 86 9c; do July 87c. No. I Northern cash and May 84 9c; do June 83 9c; do July 85 9c.

May 82 9c; do June 83 9c; do July 85 9c. On track—No. I Hard 86 9c; 85 9c; No. 2 Northern cash and 8c. Flour markets show some improvement and millers show more willinguess to pay asking prices for wheat.

TOLEDO, May 11.—Wheat active, higher; cash 92c; May 92c; June 92c; July 92c; August 92c; December 954c, Corn active, firm; cash 55c; May 58c, Corerased dul, steady; cash, 54 25. Receipts—Whoat 1,000 bush. Coru 30,000 bush. Claverseed 428 bags, Shipments—Wheat 15,000 bush. Coru 12,000 bush. Oats 2,000 bush.

COTTON MARKETS-BY TELEGRAPH.

LIVERPOOL, May 11.-4 n. n.—Cotton—The sales of the day inclinded 3,500 bales American. Futures closed atcady, Uplands, Lew Middling clause, May delivery, 5,28.44d, buyers, May and June delivery, 5,28.44d, buyers, 1 ne and July delivery 5,24.64d, sellers; July and August delivery, 5,24.64d, buyers; August and September delivery, 5,24.64d, value; sellers; September and October delivery, 5,14.64d, value; Gotober and November delivery, 5,9.64d, buyers, November and December delivery, 5,8.64d, sellers.

6 26.64d. sellers.

GALVESTON, May 11.—Cotton—Steady, Middling, 9 7.16; Low Middling, 9 1.16; Geod Ordinary, Signed; and gross receipts, 38 belos; sales, 40 belos; stock, 6,335 belos; weekly-Net and gross receipts, 1,185 belos; exports coastwise, 1,006 belos; sales, 306 belos.

NORPOLE, May 11.—Cotton—Steady, Middling, 9 18.16; not and gross receipts, 1,274 belos; exports coastwise, 333 belos; sales, 145 belos; stock 17.167 belos; sockwise, 333 belos; sales, 145 belos; exports coastwise, 5,165 belos; sales, 1,711 belos.

New Outraway May 11.—Cotton—Quet. Middling, constwise, 5,265 bales: sales, 1,711 bales.

NSW-ORLEANS. May 11.—Cotton—Quiet. Middling, 91-15. Low Middling, 91-15. Good Ordinary, 5 9-16: not receipts, 972 bales; gross receipts, 1,277 bales experts to Great Britain, 22; to France, 4,582; sales, 2,250 bales; stock, 155,225 bales.

Weakly—Net receipts, 11,497 bales; gross, 13,257 bales; experts to Great Britain, 9,184 bales; to France, 4,882 bales, 10 the Continent, 7,251 bales; constwise, 8,582 bales, 14,300 bales.

Correction—Experts constwise May 5 should have been 2,196 bales; May 9, 6,382 bales.

SAYANAR, May 11.—Course. Online, Middline, 2,2,151 Lower, 11. Continent, 2,251 Lower, 11. Continent, 2,251 Lower, 11. Continent, 2,251 Lower, 2,251

CUNARD LINE.

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL via QUEENSIOWN from Pier 40, North River.

Fast EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE.

Ettruria, Sat., May 12, 6:30 am Aurania, June 2, noon, Servin, Sat., May 19, 11 a. m. Gallia, June 6, 3 p. m. Servin, Sat., May 23, 3 p. m. "Fitruria June 9 4:30 p. m. "Umbria, May 23, 6 a. m. "Servin, June 16, 10 a. m. "Will not carry stocerage.

Will not carry stocerage.

Will not carry stocerage.

Will not carry stocerage.

Cabin passage, \$00, \$50 and \$100. Intermediate, \$25. Stocrage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply to the company, office, 4 lowing Green, New York.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.

CIRCULAR LETTERS of credit for travelers

HAMBURG-AMERICAN S. S. Line for Plymouth (London), Cherhourg (Paris) and Hamburg.

Pirst Cabin, \$50 and Upward: Steernge at low rates.

Lessing, 9 a. m., May 17.

Ruyis, 4 a. m., May 24.

KUNHARDT & CO.,

Gen. Agents, 61 Broad-st.

Pas. Agents, 61 B'way, N. Y. J APAN-CHINA.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL

Stemmers leave San Francisco as follows:

SAN PABLO
OCEANIC
Thorselsy, June 21
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Widneslay, July 21
BELGIG
Superbly Appointed—Superior Accommodations.
Reservations can be made by letter or telegraph to, and cabin plans seen at 287 and 359 Broadway, New-York, 21
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THE STATE STEAMSHIP LINE,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK, GLASGOW AND
BELFACT (LARNE).
WITH THROUGH TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES
TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, DURLIN, etc.
STATE OF NERRASKA, Thursday, May 17, 9 a. m.
STATE OF INDIANA, Thursday, May 17, 9 a. m.
STATE OF INDIANA, Thursday, May 17, 9 a. m.
STATE OF INDIANA, Thursday, May 17, 9 a. m.
STATE OF INDIANA, Thursday, May 25, 4 p. m.
Cabia passage, 355 and 360, according to location of stateroom. Excursion tickets eds to \$50. Steersage tickets to and from all parts of Europe as lowest rates. From pier foot of Canal-at, North River.

For freight and passage apply to
AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., General Agenta,
Steerage office, 21 Broadway.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD SS. CO.

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SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON,
NEW-YORK, STUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.
Steamers sail from pley foot 2d-et., Hotoken.
FAST EX PRESS STEAMERS.
Werra Sat May 12 6:30 am Ems. Tues May 22 2:30 pm
Aller Wed May 16 8:30 am Sanle Wed May 23 3:30 pm
Elder, Sat, May 19, 11 a. m. Folds, Sat, May 26, 6 am
First Cabin, \$100 and upward a herth, according to lecation. Second Cabin, \$50 and \$60 a borth. Steerage at lowest rates.

OFLIRIOHS & CO., No. 2 Bowling Green.

THE U. S. AND BRAZIL MAIL SS. CO. American Passengor Line
For St. Thomas, Barbados, Para, Pernambuce, Bahia, Ric
de Janeiro and Sautos, connecting for Montevideo, Buenos
Ayres and ports in Southern Brazil.
Steamship Finance, Wormschay, May 23, at 4 p. m.
From Newport News, Va. Stardey, May 26, at 7 p. m.
PAUL F. GERHARD & Co., Gen. Agts. 84 Breadess, N.Y. PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY S
LINES FOR CALIFORNIA, JAPAN CHINAL
CENTRAL AND SOLTH AMERICA AND MEXICO.
From New-Yurk, pier fost of Canal-st. N. R.
For San Francisco, via the Isthmus of Panama.
NEWPORT sails Monday, May 21, noon
From San Prancisco, ist and Brantan sts.
For China and Japan.
CITY OF FENING Sails Wednesday, May 23, 3 n.
For freight, passage and general information apply as
company's office on the pier, feat of Canal-st., N. R.
IK. J. BULLAY, Superintendent

R ED STAR LINE.

FOR ANTWERP AND PARIS.

Satling from New-York and Antwerp weekly.

BELGENLAND Wednesday, May 10, 9 s. m.

RHYNLAND Wednesday, May 10, 9 s. m.

Summer rates: First Cabin, 200 to 2100. Excursion, 2110 to 2180. Second Cabin, 245. Excursion, 250 and 285. Stearage at very low rates.

PETER WRIGHT & SONS, Gen'l Agts, 6 Bewling Green, NMAN LINE U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers AMAN LINE U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF CHESTER . Saturday, May 19, 11 a. m.

CITY OF CHICAGO . Saturday, May 20, 5:70 a. m.

CITY OF RICHMOND . Saturday, June 2, 12:30 p. m.

Saturday, June 9, 5 p. m.

From Inman Pier, foot of Grandsta, Jersy CUS.

OABIN PASSAGE, \$60 and Upward, SECOND CAB
IN, \$35. STEERAGE, \$20.

BOWLING GREEN, N. Y.

W HITE STAR LINE.

W HITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

ROYAL AND UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.

\*CELTIC Capt. Irving. Wednesday, May 10, 8:30 a.

"BALTIC, Capt. Smith, Saunday, May 19, 11 a. m.

GERMANIC, Capt. Gleadell, Wed., May 23, 3:30 p. m.

\*ADRIATIC, Capt. Cameron, Wednesday, May 30, 9 a. m.

From White Star dock, foot of West 10th st.

RATES—Sauon, 860.

ROYAL STATES—Sauon, 860.

ROYAL STATES

ROYAL STA

EXTRA STEAMERS.

Republic, Saturday, June 16.

Steerage and Second-Cabin passengers only. The latter will be berthed in the saloon stateroom and have the us of the saloon and the saloon deck. Rates, \$35. Excussion, \$65. Steerage, \$20. Apply at the company's office, 41 Breadway, or to any local agent.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLAN-

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANCompany's Pier (new) No.42 North River, foot of Morton of LA GROGONE, Santelli ... May 12. 6 a. m. LA ROURGOONE, Santelli ... Saurday, May 19. 11 a. m. LA BRITAGNE de Jouwellin . Saurday, May 20. 6 a. m. LA BRITAGNE de Jouwellin . Saurday, May 20. 6 a. m. LA BRITAGNE de Jouwellin . Saurday, May 20. 6 a. m. LOUIS DE BEBIAN, Agent No. 3 Howling Green.

NCHOR LINE.

NEW. YORK AND LIVERIPOOL.

S. CITY OP ROME sails Wednesday, May 16. and every fourth Wednesday thereafter.

Saloon paissage, effo and opward. Second class 530
Devonis, May 12, 6 a. m. Funessia, May 26, 6 a. m. Cifecasia, May 10, noon. Ethiopia, June 2, noon. Rates of passage to GLASSOW, DERRY, LIVERPOOL OF ELLPANT: Cabin, 550 and 560.

Travellers' Circular Letters of Credit and Draits for any Amount issued at lowest current rates.

For book of Tours or further information apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. L.

G UION LINE. G UION LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL

WISCONSIN.

NEVADA Tuesday, May 15, 7:30 a. m.

NEVADA Tuesday, May 22, 2 b. m.

ALASKA Tuesday, May 22, 2 b. m.

Tuesday, May 28, 8 a. m.

WYOMING Tuesday, June 5, 2:30 a. m.

Cabin pressee, 500, 800, 880 and 2100. Second Cabin, 230 a. m.

Cabin pressee, 500, 800, 880 and 2100. Second Cabin, 230 a. m.

A. M. UNDERHILL & CO. 35 Broadway, N. Y.

receipts, 870 bales; exports constwise, 2,343 bales; sales, 177 bales; stock, 16,831 bales, weekly—Net and gross receipts, 4,447 bales; experis constwise, 5,014 bales; sales, 1,577 bales. WEEKLY COTTON MARKET.